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Government of Kerala
1980

Reg. No. KL/TV(N)/12

KERALA GAZETTE

EXTRAORDINARY

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

Vol. XXV] Trivandrum, Monday, 24th November, 1980 / 3rd Agrahayana, 1902 [No. 957

GOVERNMENT OF KERALA

General Administration (Miscellaneous) Department

NOTIFICATION

No. 126170/M1/80/GAD. *Dated, Trivandrum, 24th November* 1980.

Under the "Explanation" to section 25 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881 (Central Act 26 of 1881) read with the Notification of the Government of India, Ministry of Home Affairs No. 20/25/56/Pub. 1 dated 8th June, 1957 the Government of Kerala are hereby pleased to declare that in addition to Sundays expressly defined as Public Holidays in the said 'Explanation, the following days shall be Public Holidays for the year 1981 A.D.

Name of Holidays	*Date*	*Day of the week*
New Year day	1-1-1981	Thursday
Milad-i-sherif	19-1-1981	Monday
Republic Day	26-1-1981	Monday
Sivarathri	4-3-1981	Wednesday
Vishu	14-4-1981	Tuesday
Good Friday	17-4-1981	Friday

33/4503/MC.

Name of Holidays	*Date*	*Day of the week*
May day	1-5-1981	Friday
Half Yearly closing of Bank Accounts	30-6-1981	Tuesday
Independence Day	15-8-1981	Saturday
First Onam day	10-9-1981	Thursday
Thiru Onam day	11-9-1981	Friday
Samadhi day of Sree Narayana Guru	21-9-1981	Monday
Gandhi Jayanthi	2-10-1981	Friday
Mahanavami	7-10-1981	Wednesday
Vijaya Dasami	8-10-1981	Thursday
Bakrid	9-10-1981	Friday
Deepavali	26-10-1981	Monday
Christmas	25-12-1981	Friday
Annual closing of Bank Accounts	31-12-1981	Thursday

Note:—The following festival which occur on Sunday has been excluded from the above list.

Idul-Fitr (Ramzan)	2-8-1981	Sunday

By order of the Governor,

S. ANANTAKRISHNAN,
Chief Secretary.

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TRIVANDRUM, 1980.

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KERALA GAZETTE

EXTRAORDINARY

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

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GOVERNMENT OF KERALA

Law (Legislation.B) Department

NOTIFICATION

No. 17576-Leg. B1/80/Law. *Dated, Trivandrum, 24th November, 1980/ 3rd Agrahayana, 1902.*

The following Ordinance promulgated by the Governor on the 22nd day of November, 1980 is hereby published for general information.

By order of the Governor,

M. HAMEED HASSAN,

Additional Law Secretary.

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33/4514/MC.

ORDINANCE No. 12 OF 1980

THE KERALA MARINE FISHING REGULATION ORDINANCE, 1980

Promulgated by the Governor of Kerala in the Thirty-first Year of the Republic of India.

AN

ORDINANCE

to provide for the regulation of fishing vessels in the sea along the coast line of the State.

Preamble.—WHEREAS the Legislative Assembly of the State of Kerala is not in session and the Governor of Kerala is satisfied that circumstances exist which render it necessary for her to take immediate action;

AND WHEREAS instructions from the President have been obtained in pursuance of the proviso to clause (1) of article 213 of the Constitution of India;

NOW, THEREFORE, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (1) of article 213 of the Constitution of India, the Governor of Kerala is pleased to promulgate the following Ordinance:—

CHAPTER I

Preliminary

1. *Short title, extent and commencement.*—(1) This Ordinance may be called the Kerala Marine Fishing Regulation Ordinance, 1980.

(2) It extends to the whole of the State of Kerala.

(3) It shall come into force at once.

2. *Definitions.*—In this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires,—

(a) "adjudicating officer" means any officer of the Fisheries Department, not below the rank of an Assistant Director of Fisheries, authorised by the Government, by notification in the Gazette, to exercise the powers conferred on, and discharge the duties imposed upon, the adjudicating officer by this Ordinance for such area as may be specified in the notification;

(b) "Appellate Board" means an Appellate Board constituted under section 18;

(c) "authorised officer" means such officer as the Government may, by notification in the Gazette, authorise in respect of the matter to which reference is made in the provision of this Ordinance in which the expression occurs;

(d) "fishing vessel" means a ship or boat, whether or not fitted with mechanical means of propulsion, which is engaged in sea-fishing for profit and includes—

(i) a catamaran,

(ii) a country craft, and

(iii) a canoe,

engaged in sea fishing;

(e) "port" means the space within such limits as may from time to time be defined by the Government, by notification in the Gazette, for the purposes of this Ordinance;

(f) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Ordinance;

(g) "registered fishing vessel" means—

(i) a fishing vessel registered under section 11 of the Marine Products Export Development Authority Act, 1972 (Central Act 13 of 1972); or

(ii) a fishing vessel registered under section 9;

(h) "specified area" means such area in the sea along the entire coast line of the State, but not beyond territorial waters, as may be specified by the Government, by notification in the Gazette;

(i) "State" means the State of Kerala and includes the territorial waters along the entire coast line of that State.

3. *Authorisation of officers for the purposes of any provision of this Ordinance.*—The Government may, by notification in the Gazette, authorise—

(a) any officer of the Government, not being an officer below the rank of a Gazetted officer; or

(b) any officer of the Central Government, not being an officer below the rank of a Gazetted officer or a commissioned officer in the armed forces of the Union, with the consent of that Government, to exercise the powers conferred on, and discharge the duties imposed upon, an authorised officer under this Ordinance in such area as may be specified in the notification.

Chapter II

Regulation of fishing

4. *Power to regulate, restrict or prohibit certain matters within specified area.*—(1) The Government may, having regard to the matters referred to in sub-section (2), by order notified in the Gazette, regulate, restrict or prohibit—

(a) the fishing in any specified area by such class or classes of fishing vessels as may be prescribed; or

(b) the number of fishing vessels which may be used for fishing in any specified area; or

(c) the catching in any specified area of such species of fish and for such period as may be specified in the notification; or

(d) the use of such fishing gear in any specified area as may be prescribed.

(2) In making an order under sub-section (1), the Government shall have regard to the following matters, namely:—

(a) the need to protect the interests of different sections of persons engaged in fishing, particularly those engaged in fishing using traditional fishing craft such as catamaran, country craft or canoe;

(b) the need to conserve fish and to regulate fishing on a scientific basis;

(c) the need to maintain law and order in the sea;

(d) any other matter that may be prescribed.

5. *Prohibition of use of fishing vessel in contravention of any order made under section* 4.—No owner or master of a fishing vessel shall use, or cause or allow to be used, such fishing vessel for fishing in any manner which contravenes an order made under section 4:

Provided that nothing in such order shall be construed as preventing the passage of any fishing vessel from, or to, the shore, through any specified area to, or from, any area other than a specified area for the purpose of fishing in such other area or for any other purpose:

Provided further that the passing of such fishing vessel through any specified area shall not in any manner cause any damage to any fishing nets or tackles belonging to any person who engages in fishing in the specified area by using any traditional fishing craft such as catamaran, country craft, or canoe.

6. *Licensing of fishing vessels.*—(1) The owner of a fishing vessel may make an application to the authorised officer for the grant of a licence for using such fishing vessel for fishing in any specified area.

(2) Every application under sub-section (1) shall be in such form, contain such particulars, and be accompanied by such fees, as may be prescribed.

(3) The authorised officer may, after making such enquiry as he deems fit and having regard to the matters referred to in sub-section (4), either grant or refuse to grant, to the owner of the fishing vessel, a licence for using such fishing vessel for fishing in the specified area or specified areas mentioned in such licence.

(4) In granting or refusing licence under sub-section (3), the authorised officer shall have regard to the following, namely:—

(a) whether the fishing vessel is a registered fishing vessel;

(b) the condition of the fishing vessel including the accessories and fishing gear with which it is fitted;

(c) any order that may be made under section 4;

(d) any other matter that may be prescribed.

(5) A licence granted under this section shall be in such form and subject to such conditions, including conditions as to payment of such fees and furnishing such security for the due performance of the conditions, as may be prescribed:

Provided that different fees, and different amounts by way of security, may be prescribed in respect of licences for different classes of fishing vessels.

(6) A licence granted under this section shall be valid for the period specified therein or for such extended period as the authorised officer may think fit to allow in any case.

7. *Prohibition of fishing using fishing vessels which are not licensed.*—No person shall, after the commencement of this Ordinance, carry on fishing in any specified area using a fishing vessel which is not licensed under section 6:

Provided that nothing in this section shall apply to any fishing vessel, which was being used for fishing immediately before the commencement of this Ordinance, for such period as may be specified by the Government by notification in the Gazette.

8. *Cancellation, suspension and amendment of licences.* –(1) If the authorised officer is satisfied, either on a reference made to him in this behalf or otherwise, that—

(a) a licence granted under section 6 has been obtained by misrepresentation as to an essential fact; or

(b) the holder of a licence has, without reasonable cause, failed to comply with the conditions subject to which the licence has been granted or has contravened any of the provisions of this Ordinance or any order or rule made thereunder,

then, without prejudice to any other penalty to which the holder of the licence may be liable under this Ordinance, the authorised officer may, after giving the holder of the licence a reasonable opportunity of showing cause, cancel or suspend the licence or forfeit the whole or any part of the security, if any, furnished for the due performance of the conditions subject to which the licence has been granted.

(2) Subject to any rules that may be made in this behalf, the authorised officer may also vary or amend a licence granted under section 6.

9. *Registration of vessels*.—(1) The owner of every vessel used or intended to be used for purposes of fishing and kept in the State, not being a fishing vessel registered under section 11 of the Marine Products Export Development Authority Act, 1972 (Central Act 13 of 1972), shall register such vessel under this Ordinance.

(2) Every application for registration of such vessel shall be made by the owner thereof to the authorised officer in such form, and shall be accompanied by such fees, as may be prescribed—

(a) before the expiration of one month from the date on which he first became the owner of such vessel; or

(b) before the expiration of three months from the commencement of this Ordinance,

whichever is later:

Provided that the authorised officer may, for sufficient reason to be recorded in writing, extend the time-limit for registration by such period as he thinks fit.

(3) The authorised officer shall issue to the owner of the vessel registered by him a certificate of registration in the prescribed form and shall enter in a register to be kept by him, in such form as may be prescribed, the particulars of such certificate.

(4) Registration once made shall continue to be in force until it is cancelled by the authorised officer.

(5) Every vessel registered under this section shall carry a registration mark, assigned to it by the authorised officer, displayed in the prescribed manner.

(6) No vessel, other than a registered fishing vessel, shall be entitled to a licence under section 6.

10. *Information to be given to authorised officer about movement of fishing vessels.*—Where a registered fishing vessel moves from the area of one port to the area of another port, the owner of such fishing vessel shall give information to that effect, in the prescribed manner, to the authorised officer by whom such fishing vessel was registered and also to the Port Officer having jurisdiction over the area whereto such fishing vessel has been moved..

11. *Returns to be made by owners of registered fishing vessels.*—(1) Every owner of a registered fishing vessel shall furnish to the authorised officer at the prescribed time and in the prescribed manner such returns as may be prescribed.

(2) The authorised officer may inspect any registered fishing vessel at any time to verify the accuracy of any return made under this section.

12. *Finality of orders under sections 6, 8, and 9.*—Every decision of the authorised officer under section 6, section 8 or section 9, granting or refusing to grant licence for a fishing vessel or cancelling, suspending, varying or amending such licence or registering, or cancelling the registration of a vessel shall, subject to any right of appeal under section 13, be final.

13. *Appeals against orders refusing grant of licence, etc.*—(1) Any person aggrieved by an order of the authorised officer refusing to grant licence for a fishing vessel or cancelling, suspending, varying or amending such licence or refusing to register a vessel or cancelling the registration of such vessel may, within thirty days from the date on which the order is communicated to him, prefer an appeal to such authority as may be prescribed (hereafter in this section referred to as the appellate authority):

Provided that the appellate authority may entertain the appeal after the expiry of the said period of thirty days if it is satisfied that the appellant was prevented by sufficient cause from filing the appeal in time.

(2) On receipt of an appeal under sub-section (1), the appellate authority shall, after giving the appellant a reasonable opportunity of being heard, pass such orders thereon as it deems fit as expeditiously as possible.

(3) Every order passed by the appellate authority under this section shall be final.

Chapter III

Penalties

14. *Power to enter and search fishing vessel.*—The authorised officer may, if he has reason to believe that any fishing vessel is being, or has been, used in contravention of any of the provisions of this Ordinance or of any order or rule made thereunder or any of the conditions of the licence, enter and search such vessel and impound such vessel and seize any fish found in it.

15. *Disposal of seized fish.*—(1) The authorised officer shall keep the fishing vessel impounded under section 14, in such place and in such manner as may be prescribed.

(2) In the absence of suitable facilities for the storage of the fish seized, the authorised officer may, if he is of the opinion that the disposal of such fish is necessary, dispose of such fish and deposit the proceeds thereof in the prescribed manner in the office of the adjudicating officer.

16. *Adjudication.*—(1) Where any authorised officer referred to in section 14 has reason to believe that any fishing vessel is being or has been, used in contravention of any of the provisions of this Ordinance or any order or rule made thereunder or any of the conditions of the licence, he shall make a report thereof to the adjudicating officer.

(2) The adjudicating officer shall hold an enquiry into the matters mentioned in the report, in the prescribed manner, after giving all the parties concerned a reasonable opportunity of being heard.

17. *Penalty.*—(1) The adjudicating officer shall, after the enquiry under section 16, decide whether any person has used, or caused or allowed to be used, any fishing vessel in contravention of any of the provisions of this Ordinance or of any order or rule made thereunder or any of the conditions of the licence and any such person, on being found guilty by the adjudicating officer, shall be liable to such penalty not exceeding—

(a) five thousand rupees, if the value of the fish involved is one thousand rupees or less;

(b) five times the value of the fish, if the value of the fish involved is more than one thousand rupees; or

(c) five thousand rupees, in any other case, being a case not involving any fish,

as may be adjudged by the adjudicating officer.

(2) In addition to any penalty that may be imposed under sub-section (1), the adjudicating officer may direct that—

(a) the registration certificate of the fishing vessel which has been used, or caused or allowed to be used, in the manner referred to

in sub-section (1) or the licence, any condition of which has been contravened, shall be—

(i) cancelled or revoked, as the case may be; or

(ii) suspended for such period as the adjudicating officer deems fit; or

(b) the fishing vessel or fish that may have been impounded or seized, as the case may be, under section 14 shall be forfeited to the Government:

Provided that no fishing vessel shall be forfeited under clause (b) if the adjudicating officer after hearing the owner of such vessel or any person claiming any right thereto is satisfied that the owner or such person had exercised due care for the prevention of the commission of such offence.

18. *Constitution of Appellate Board and appeal to Appellate Board.*—(1) The Government may, by notification in the Gazette, constitute one or more Appellate Board or Appellate Boards.

(2) The Appellate Board shall consist of three members of whom one shall be a person who is or has been a district judge, who shall be appointed as the Chairman of the Appellate Board.

(3) Where only one Appellate Board is appointed, that Appellate Board shall have jurisdiction throughout the State, and where more than one Appellate Board is appointed the Government may, by notification in the Gazette, define the jurisdiction of each Appellate Board.

(4) Any person aggrieved by an order of the adjudicating officer may, within thirty days from the date on which the order is made, prefer an appeal to the Appellate Board having jurisdiction to hear such appeal:

Provided that the Appellate Board may entertain any appeal after the expiry of the said period of thirty days, but not after the expiry of sixty days from the date aforesaid, if it is satisfied that the appellant was prevented by sufficient cause from filing the appeal in time.

(5) No appeal under this section shall be entertained by the Appellate Board unless the appellant has, at the time of filing the appeal, deposited the amount of penalty payable under the order appealed against:

Provided that, on an application made by the appellant in this behalf, the Appellate Board may, if it is of the opinion that the deposit to be made under this sub-section will cause undue hardship to the appellant, by order in writing dispense with such deposit either unconditionally or subject to such conditions as it may deem fit to impose.

(6) On receipt of an appeal under sub-section (4), the Appellate Board may, after holding such enquiry as it deems fit and after giving the parties concerned a reasonable opportunity of being heard, confirm, modify or set aside the order appealed against and the decision of the Appellate Board shall be final: and—

(a) if the sum deposited by way of penalty under sub-section (5) exceeds the penalty directed to be paid by the Appellate Board, the excess amount, or

(b) if the Appellate Board sets aside the order imposing penalty, the whole of the sum deposited by way of penalty,

shall be refunded to the appellant.

19. *Revision by Appellate Board.*—The Appellate Board may call for and examine the records of any order passed by an adjudicating officer under section 17 and against which no appeal has been preferred under section 18 for the purpose of satisfying itself as to the legality or propriety of such order or as to the regularity of the procedure and pass such order with respect thereto as it may think fit:

Provided that no such order shall be made except after giving the person affected a reasonable opportunity of being heard in the matter.

20. *Powers of adjudicating officer and Appellate Board in relation to holding enquiry under this Ordinance.*—(1) The adjudicating officer and the Appellate Board shall, while holding an enquiry, have all the powers of a civil court under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (Central Act 5 of 1908), while trying a suit, in respect of the following matters, namely:—

(a) summoning and enforcing the attendance of witnesses;

(b) requiring the discovery and production of any document;

(c) requisitioning any public record or copy thereof from any court or office;

(d) receiving evidence on affidavits; and

(e) issuing commissions for the examination of witnesses or documents.

(2) The adjudicating officer or the Appellate Board shall, while exercising any power under this Ordinance, be deemed to be a civil court for the purposes of sections 345 and 346 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (Central Act 2 of 1974).

21. *Offences by companies.*—(1) Where an offence under this Ordinance has been committed by a company, every person who, at the time the offence was committed, was in charge of, and was responsible to, the company for the conduct of the business of the company as well as the company, shall be deemed to be guilty of the offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly:

Provided that nothing contained in this sub-section shall render any such person liable to any punishment, if he proves that the offence was committed without his knowledge or that he had exercised all due diligence to prevent the commission of such offence.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), where any offence under this Ordinance has been committed with the consent or connivance of, or is attributable to any neglect on the part of, any director, manager, secretary or other officer, such director, manager, Secretary or other officer shall be deemed to be guilty of that offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section,–

(a) "company" means any body corporate and includes a firm or other association of individuals; and

(b) "director", in relation to a firm, means a partner in the firm.

CHAPTER IV

Miscellaneous

22. *Exemptions.*—(1) Nothing contained in this Ordinance shall apply to survey vessels belonging to the Central Government or any State Government or any public undertaking.

(2) If the Government are of the opinion that, having regard to the purposes of this Ordinance, it would not be in the public interest to apply all or any of the provisions of this Ordinance to any class or classes of fishing vessels used for fishing in any specified area or specified areas, they may by notification in the Gazette, exempt, subject to such conditions as they may think fit to impose, such class or classes of fishing vessels used for fishing in such specified area or specified areas, as they may specify in the notification, from the operation of all or any of the provisions of this Ordinance.

23. *Protection of action taken in good faith.*—(1) No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against the Government or any officer or authority for anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done in pursuance of this Ordinance or any order or rule made thereunder.

(2) No suit or other legal proceeding shall lie against the Government or any officer or authority for any damage caused or likely to be caused by anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done in pursuance of this Ordinance or any order or rule made thereunder.

24. *Power to make rules.*—(1) The Government may, by notification in the Gazette, make rules for carrying out the provisions of this Ordinance.

(2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:—

(a) the matters to which regard shall be had in making an order under sub-section (1) of section 4;

(b) the form of the application for licence under sub-section (1) of section 6, the particulars which it shall contain and the fees which shall accompany it;

(c) the matters to which regard shall be had in granting or refusing a licence under clause (d) of sub-section (4) of section 6, the fees payable for the licence and the security for the due performance of the conditions of the licence;

(d) the procedure to be followed in granting or refusing a licence under section 6 or cancelling, suspending, varying or amending such licence or in registering a vessel under section 9 or cancelling such registration;

(e) the form of the application for registration of a vessel under section 9, the particulars which such application shall contain, and the fees which shall accompany the application; the form of the certificate of registration and the form of the register referred to in sub-section (3) of that section and the manner in which the registration mark referred to in sub-section (5) of that section shall be displayed;

(f) the manner in which the information referred to in section 10 shall be given;

(g) the time and manner in which the returns referred to in sub-section (1) of section 11 shall be furnished;

(h) the authority to whom appeals shall be preferred under sub-section (1) of section 13;

(i) the place and the manner in which an impounded fishing vessel shall be kept under sub-section (1) of section 15 and the manner in which the proceeds of the disposal of the seized fish shall be deposited with the adjudicating officer under sub-section (2) of that section;

(j) the procedure of the enquiry by the adjudicating officer under sub-section (2) of section 16;

(k) the qualifications of the members of the Appellate Board other than the Chairman, the fees and allowances payable to the Chairman and other members of the Appellate Board; and the procedure of the Appellate Board;

(l) the fess payable for the supply of copies of documents or orders or for any other purpose or matter involving the rendering of any service by any officer or authority under this Ordinance;

(m) any other matter which is to be, or may be, provided for by rules under this Ordinance.

(3) Every rule made under this section shall be laid, as soon as may be after it is made, before the Legislative Assembly while it is in session, for a total period of fourteen days which may be comprised in one session or in two successive sessions, and if, before the expiry of the session in which it is so laid or the session immediately following the Legislative Assembly, makes any modification in the rule or decides that the rule should not be made, the rule shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be; so, however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule.

JOTHI VENCATACHELLUM,
GOVERNOR.

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EXTRAORDINARY

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GOVERNMENT OF KERALA

Home (SS.A) Department

NOTIFICATION

No. 54479/SSA2/80/Home. *Dated, Trivandrum, 24th November, 1980.*

S. R. O. No. 1120/80.—Whereas the Government of Kerala are of opinion that it is necessary to appoint a Commission of Inquiry for the purpose of making an inquiry into a definite matter of public importance, namely, the circumstances which led to the firing by the Police at Pallithura in Thumba Police Station Limits on 7-10-1980, injuring four persons:

2. Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Commissions of Inquiry Act. 1952 (Central Act 60 of 1952), the Government of Kerala hereby appoint a Commission of Inquiry consisting of Shri A. P. Mohammed Ali, Retired District Judge, Trivandrum.

3. The terms of reference of the Commission shall be as follows:—

(i) To enquire into and report on:

the circumstances which led to the firing by the Police at Pallithura on 7-10-1980 and the incidents which are alleged to have occurred after the firing.

(ii) Whether the firing by the Police was justified.

(iii) Such other matters incidental to and arising out of the incidents under enquiry.

4. The Commission shall complete the inquiry and submit its report to the Government within three months from the date of this notification.

5. The Government are of opinion that having regard to the nature of the inquiry to be made and other circumstances of the case, that all the provisions of sub sections (2), (3), (4) and (5) of section 5 of the Commission of Inquiry Act, 1952 (Central Act 60 of 1952) should be made applicable to the Commission and the Government hereby direct under sub section (1) of the said section 5 that all the provisions aforesaid shall apply to the Commission.

By order of the Governor,

J. S. JESUDHASAN,
Special Secretary to Government.

Explanatory Note

Government consider that a probe is necessary for bringing to light the causes and facts relating to the incidents which led to the firing by the Police at Pallithura in Thumba Police Station limits on 7-10-1980. The Notification is intended to achieve the above object.

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Vol. XXV] Trivandrum, Monday, 24th November 1980 / 3rd Agrahayana 1902 (Saka) [No. 952

NOTICE

UNDER SECTION 9 (5) OF THE KERALA LAND ACQUISITION ACT, 1961
(ACT 21 OF 1962)

No. R1-159/80. *21st November 1980.*

Notice is hereby given that the Government intend to take possession of the lands mentioned in the list below, which are required for a public purpose under the Kerala Land Acquisition Act, 1961 (Act 21 of 1962). All persons interested in the lands are required to appear in person or by authorised agent on the date, and place noted below and to state/put in a statement in writing signed by themselves or their agents showing the nature of their respective interests in the lands and the amount and particulars of their claim to compensation for such interests in the lands and their objections, if any, to the measurements made under section 8 of the Act.

Note.—If the persons interested refuse to make a claim to compensation or omit without sufficient reasons, to make such claim, the amount to be awarded by the Court, in the event of a reference being made to it on application made by them shall in no case exceed the amount awarded by the Collector under section 11 of the Act.

താഴെ കൊടുത്തിരിക്കുന്ന ലിസ്റ്റിൽ പറഞ്ഞിട്ടുള്ളതും 1961-ലെ കേരള സ്ഥലമെടുപ്പ് ആക്റ്റ് (1962-ലെ 21-ാം ആക്റ്റ്) പ്രകാരം ഒരു പൊതുകാര്യത്തിന് ആവശ്യമായിട്ടുള്ളതുമായ ഭൂമി കൈവശപ്പെടുത്തുവാൻ ഗവൺമെന്റ് ഉദ്ദേശിക്കുന്നുവെന്ന് ഇതിനാൽ നോട്ടീസ് നൽകിയിരിക്കുന്നു. പ്രസ്തുത ഭൂമിയിൽ അവകാശബന്ധമുള്ള എല്ലാപേരും നേരിട്ടോ

അധികൃതർ ഏജൻറുമുഖേനയോ താഴെ പറയുന്ന തീയതിയിലും സ്ഥലത്തും ഹാജരാകുകയും, ഭൂമിയിൽ അവരോരോരുത്തർക്കുമുള്ള അവകാശബന്ധങ്ങളുടെ സ്വഭാവവും ഭൂമിയിൽ അങ്ങനെയുള്ള അവകാശബന്ധങ്ങൾ സംബന്ധിച്ചിടത്തോളം നഷ്ടപ്രതിഫലത്തിന് അവർക്കുള്ള തേർച്ചയുടെ തുകയും വിവരങ്ങളും ആക്റ്റ് 8-ാം വകുപ്പുപ്രകാരം എടുത്തിട്ടുള്ള അളവു സംബന്ധിച്ച് വല്ല ആക്ഷേപവുമുണ്ടെങ്കിൽ അതും ഏതാണെന്നു കാണിച്ചുകൊണ്ട് പ്രസ്താവന ചെയ്യുകയും അവരോ അവരുടെ ഏജൻറുമാരോ എഴുതി ഒപ്പിട്ട ഒരു സ്റ്റേറ്റ്മെൻറ് സമർപ്പിക്കുകയും ചെയ്യണമെന്ന് അവരോട് ആവശ്യപ്പെടുന്നു.

കുറിപ്പ്.—അവകാശബന്ധമുള്ളവർ നഷ്ടപ്രതിഫലത്തിന് തേർച്ച ചെയ്യാൻ കൂട്ടാക്കാതിരിക്കുകയോ, മതിയായ കാരണമില്ലാതെ അങ്ങനെ തേർച്ചചെയ്യാൻ വീഴ്ച ചെയ്യുകയോ ചെയ്യുന്ന പക്ഷം അവരുടെ അപേക്ഷയിന്മേൽ കോടതിക്ക് റഫറൻസ് അയക്കുന്ന സംഗതിയിൽ കോടതി വിധിച്ചുകൊടുക്കേണ്ട തുക യാതൊരു സംഗതിയിലും ആക്റ്റ് 11-ാം വകുപ്പുപ്രകാരം കളക്ടർ വിധിച്ചുകൊടുക്കുന്ന തുകയിൽ കവിയാൻ പാടില്ലാത്തതാകുന്നു.

Date, and place of appearance—On 9-12-1980 before the Special Dy. Collector, L.A. Railways, Trivandrum.

PARTICULARS OF LANDS

District—Trivandrum.

Taluk—Trivandrum. *Village*—Anchamada.

L.A.C. No.	*Survey No.*	*Description* Dry	*Extent* Acre	*Extent* Sq.m.
48/80	1716/8		02	02
	1725/7		07	10
49/80	1716/6		26	10
50/80	1725/8		15	90
51/80	1716/5		06	00
52/80	1716/3		02	02
53/80	1716/7		06	88

(Sd.)
Special Deputy Collector
(Land Acquisition)
Railways Trivandrum.

Trivandrum.

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Government of Kerala
1980

Reg. No. KL/TV(N)/12

KERALA GAZETTE

EXTRAORDINARY

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

Vol. XXV] Trivandrum, Monday, 24th November 1980 / 3rd Agrahayana 1902 (Saka) [No. 963

NOTICE

UNDER SECTION 9 (5) OF THE KERALA LAND ACQUISITION ACT, 1961
(ACT 21 OF 1962)

No. A2-943/79. *20th November 1980.*

Notice is hereby given that the Government intend to take possession of the lands mentioned in the list below, which are required for a public purpose under the Kerala Land Acquisition Act, 1961 (Act 21 of 1962). All persons interested in the lands are required to appear in person or by authorised agent on the date, time and place noted below and to state/put in a statement in writing signed by themselves or their agents showing the nature of their respective interests in the lands, and the amount and particulars of their claim to compensation for such interests in the lands and their objections, if any, to the measurements made under section 8 of the Act.

Note:—If the persons interested refuse to make a claim to compensation or omit, without sufficient reasons, to make such claim, the amount to be awarded by the Court, in the event of a reference being made to it on application made by them shall in no case exceed the amount awarded by the Collector under section 11 of the Act.

താഴെ കൊടുത്തിരിക്കുന്ന ലിസ്റ്റിൽ പറഞ്ഞിട്ടുള്ളതും, 1961-ലെ കേരള സ്ഥലമെടുപ്പ് ആക്റ്റ് (1962-ലെ 21-ാം ആക്റ്റ്) പ്രകാരം ഒരു പൊതു കാര്യത്തിന് ആവശ്യമായിട്ടുള്ളതുമായ ഭൂമി കൈവശപ്പെടുത്തുവാൻ ഗവൺമെന്റ് ഉദ്ദേശിക്കുന്നുവെന്ന് ഇതിനാൽ നോട്ടീസ് നൽകിയിരിക്കുന്നു. പ്രസ്തുത ഭൂമിയിൽ അവകാശബന്ധമുള്ള എല്ലാപേരും നേരിട്ടോ, അധികൃത ഏജന്റു മൂലമോ താഴെ പറയുന്ന തീയതിയിലും സമയത്തും, സ്ഥലത്തും ഹാജരാകുകയും, ഭൂമിയിൽ അവരോരോരുത്തർക്കുമുള്ള അവകാശ ബന്ധങ്ങളുടെ സ്വഭാവവും ഭൂമിയിൽ അങ്ങനെയുള്ള അവകാശബന്ധങ്ങൾ സംബന്ധിച്ചിടത്തോളം നഷ്ടപ്രതിഫലത്തിന് അവർക്കുള്ള അവകാശത്തിന്റെ

തുകയും വിവരങ്ങളും ആക്റ്റ് 8-ാം വകുപ്പുപ്രകാരം എടുത്തിട്ടുള്ള അളവ് സംബന്ധിച്ച് വല്ല ആക്ഷേപവുമുണ്ടെങ്കിൽ അതും ഏതാണെന്ന് കാണിച്ചുകൊണ്ട് പ്രസ്താവന ചെയ്യുകയും, അവരോ അവരുടെ ഏജൻറുമാരോ എഴുതി ഒപ്പിട്ട ഒരു സ്റേറററുമെൻറ് സമർപ്പിക്കുകയും ചെയ്യണമെന്ന് അവരോട് ആവശ്യപ്പെടുന്നു.

കുറിപ്പ്:—അവകാശബന്ധമുള്ളവർ നഷ്ടപ്രതിഫലത്തിന് തേർച്ചചെയ്യാൻ കൂട്ടാക്കാതിരിക്കുകയോ, മതിയായ കാരണമില്ലാതെ അങ്ങനെ തേർച്ചചെയ്യാൻ വീഴ്ച ചെയ്യുകയോ ചെയ്യുന്നപക്ഷം അവരുടെ അപേക്ഷയിൻമേൽ കോടതിക്ക് റഫറൻസ് അയയ്ക്കുന്ന സംഗതിയിൽ കോടതി വിധിച്ചുകൊടുക്കേണ്ട തുക യാതൊരു സംഗതിയിലും ആക്റ്റ് 11-ാം വകുപ്പുപ്രകാരം കളക്ടർ വിധിച്ചു കൊടുക്കുന്ന തുകയിൽ കവിയാൻ പാടില്ലാത്തതാകുന്നു.

Date, time and place of appearence—on 23-12-1980 at 11 a.m. before the Special Tahsildar (L. A.) NH Trichur, Kizhakke Chalakudy Village Office.

Particulars of lands

(Block-27)

District—Trichur | Taluk—Mukundapuram

Village—Kizhakke Chalakudy

Survey No.	*Description*	*Extent in Hectare*
460/1-12 (A)	Dry	0 0790
460/1-12 (B)	,,	0 0590
460/5-14	,,	0 0582
460/2-13	,,	0 1289
460/6-15	,,	0 0614
459/1-7B	Wet now dry	0 0056
460/8-16	Dry	0 1678
459/1-7 (A)	Wet now dry	0 0537
459/3-11 (A)	,,	0 0676
459/3-11 (B)	,,	0 0485
459/3-11 (C)	,,	0 0918
502/1-4 (A)	Dry	0 0001
502/1-4 (B)	,,	0 0072
502/1-4 (C)	,,	0 0408
502/1-4 (D)	,,	0 0542
502/1-4 (E)	,,	0 0493
502/1-4 (F)	,,	0 0257
502/1-4 (G)	,,	0 0602
503/2-6 (A)	,,	0 0015
503/2-6 (B)	,,	0 0258
504/10-19 (A)	,,	0 0051
504/10-19 (B)	,,	0 0048

(Sd.)

Ayyanthole.

Special Tahsildar(LA),
N.H. Trichur

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1980

Reg. No. KL/TV(N)/12

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EXTRAORDINARY

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GOVERNMENT OF KERALA

Water & Transport (Transport-B) Department

NOTIFICATION

No. 26518/TB2/80/W&T. *Dated, Trivandrum, 25th October* 1980.

S. R. O. No. 1121/80.—Whereas in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (I) of article 258 of the Constitution of India the President has in notification No. 2/4/63 Judl.-II dated 31-5-1963 entrusted the Government of Kerala with their consent the functions of the Central Government under the Kerala Land Acquisition Act, 1961 (21 of 1962), in relation to the acquisition of land for the purpose of the Union in the Kerala State;

And, whereas it appears to the Government of Kerala that the land specified in the Schedule below is needed or is likely to be needed for a public purpose, to wit for the construction of a Telephone Exchange at Parur. Now, therefore notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of sub section (1) of section 3 of the said Act.

SCHEDULE

District—Ernakulam.

Taluk—Parur. Village—Parur.

(The extent given is approximate)

Sy. No.—267/6.

Description—Paramba.

Extent—0.5000 hectare.

33/4511/80/B.

Explanatory Note

(This is not part of the notification but is intended to bring out the general purport.)

The President of India has in notification No. 2/4/63/Judl-II dated 31-5-1963 entrusted the Government of Kerola with their consent the powers to acquire land for the use of Central Government in the State and it appears to the State Government that the land mentioned in the schedule above is needed for a public purpose viz. for the construction of a telephone exchange at Parur.

This Notification is intended for the above purpose.

എസ്. ആർ. ഒ. നമ്പർ. 1121/80.—ഇൻഡ്യൻ ഭരണഘടന 258-ാം അനുച്ഛേദം (1)-ാം ഖണ്ഡംമൂലം നൽകപ്പെട്ട അധികാരങ്ങൾ വിനിയോഗിച്ച് ഇൻഡ്യൻ രാഷ്ട്രപതി 1963 മേയ് 31-ാം തീയതിയിലെ 2/4/63 ജുഡീഷ്യൽ II എന്ന നമ്പർ വിജ്ഞാപനംമൂലം കേരളസംസ്ഥാനത്തു യൂണിയന്റെ ആവശ്യത്തിനായി ഭൂമി വിലയ്ക്കെടുക്കുന്നതു സംബന്ധിച്ച്, 1961-ലെ കേരള സ്ഥലമെടുപ്പ് ആക്ട് (1962-ലെ 21) പ്രകാരമുള്ള കേന്ദ്രസർക്കാരിന്റെ ചുമതലകൾ കേരളസർക്കാരിനെ അവരുടെ സമ്മതത്തോടുകൂടി ഭരമേൽപ്പിച്ചിരിക്കുന്നതിനാലും;

താഴെ പട്ടികയിൽ വിവരിച്ചിരിക്കുന്ന ഭൂമി ഒരു പൊതുകാര്യത്തിന് അതായത് പറവൂർ ടെലഫോൺ എക്സ്ചേഞ്ച് കെട്ടിടം നിർമ്മിക്കുന്നതിന് ആവശ്യമുണ്ടെന്നോ ആവശ്യമുണ്ടാകാനിടയുണ്ടെന്നോ കേരളസർക്കാരിന് തോന്നുന്നതിനാലും;

ഇപ്പോൾ അതിനാൽ അതിനുള്ള നോട്ടീസ് ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട എല്ലാവർക്കും പ്രസ്തുത ആക്ട് 3-ാം വകുപ്പ് (1)-ാം ഉപവകുപ്പിലെ വ്യവസ്ഥകളനുസരിച്ചു ഇതിനാൽ നൽകുന്നു.

പട്ടിക

ജില്ല—എറണാകുളം.

താലൂക്ക്—പറവൂർ. വില്ലേജ്—പറവൂർ.

(സുമാർ വിസ്തീർണ്ണമാണ് കൊടുത്തിരിക്കുന്നത്)

സർവ്വേ നമ്പർ—267/6.

വിവരണം—പറമ്പ്.

വിസ്തീർണ്ണം—0.5000 ഹെക്ടർ.

വിശദീകരണക്കുറിപ്പ്

(ഇത് വിജ്ഞാപനത്തിന്റെ ഭാഗമല്ല. എന്നാൽ പൊതു ഉദ്ദേശം വെളിപ്പെടുത്തുന്നതിനുദ്ദേശിച്ചുള്ളതാണ്.)

ഇൻഡ്യൻ രാഷ്ട്രപതി 1963 മേയ് 31-ാം തീയതിയിലെ 2/1/63 ജുഡീഷ്യൽ II എന്ന വിജ്ഞാപനംമൂലം സംസ്ഥാനത്തു കേന്ദ്രസർക്കാരിന്റെ ആവശ്യത്തിനായി ഭൂമി വിലയ്ക്കെടുക്കുന്നതിനുള്ള അധികാരം കേരളസർക്കാരിനെ അവരുടെ സമ്മതത്തോടുകൂടി ഭരമേല്പിച്ചിട്ടുള്ളതും മേൽപ്പറഞ്ഞ പട്ടികയിൽ പറഞ്ഞിട്ടുള്ള ഭൂമി ഒരു പൊതുകാര്യത്തിന് അതായത് പറവൂർ ടെലഫോൺ എക്സ്ചേഞ്ചു കെട്ടിടം നിർമ്മിക്കുന്നതിനായി വിലയ്ക്കെടുക്കേണ്ടതാണെന്ന് കേരളസർക്കാരിനു ബോദ്ധ്യപ്പെട്ടിരിക്കുന്നതും ആകുന്നു.

മേൽപ്പറഞ്ഞ ഉദ്ദേശം സാധിക്കുന്നതിന് ഉദ്ദേശിച്ചുകൊണ്ടുള്ളതാണ് ഈ വിജ്ഞാപനം.

By order of the Governor,

P. SANKARAN NAIR,
Additional Secretary.

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